

**Scientific Programming in Python**  
**Worksheet**  
**2 October 2009**

## The Lotka-Volterra Model

The Lotka-Volterra model aims to describe the changes in two populations. The first population is known as the prey (let's call them the rabbits,  $R$ ) and the second as the predators (call them the foxes,  $F$ ). The differential equations to describe this situation are

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = aR - bRF \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{dF}{dt} = cRF - dF \quad (2)$$

Here  $a$  is the natural birth rate of the rabbits,  $b$  is the death rate of rabbits due to being eaten by foxes,  $c$  is the growth rate of the foxes dependent on the number of rabbits that they eat,  $d$  is the natural death rate of the foxes.

**Task 1** Find a numerical solution to this system of equations using the `odeint` function in SciPy. You can try the following values for the parameters to start with—

$$a = 1.5, \quad b = 1.0, \quad c = 0.1, \quad d = 3.0.$$

As for initial populations, you can start with

$$R(0) = 10, \quad F(0) = 5,$$

but be sure to try different initial conditions. You will need to find a good range for your time variable,  $t$ . Plot the following graphs of your results.

- $R$  vs  $t$  and  $F$  vs  $t$  on the same graph,
- $R$  vs  $F$  (this is known as a phase diagram).

**Task 2** In the system of differential equations for the Lotka-Volterra model, the number of rabbits will grow to infinity in the absence of foxes (if  $F = 0$ ). We noted earlier in the course that this is unrealistic and we used the logistic population model instead. What happens if we add a logistic term to (1) to get the ODEs

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = aR - bRF - eR^2 \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{dF}{dt} = cRF - dF. \quad (4)$$

The new term,  $-eR^2$ , describes the death rate of rabbits because the environment has a fixed carrying capacity. Try different values for  $e$  and describe what effect this has on the plots that you made in Task 1.

**Task 3** For each of the two previous tasks, make a vector field plot on the phase space plot. You can use the `quiver` function in Pylab for this. What effect does adding the logistic term (Task 2) have on the phase space?